Dissolved oxygen , 0 to 20 mg/L

OXYGEN METER

Model: DO-5510HA



Your purchase of this OXYGEN METER marks a step forward for you into the field of precision Although measurement. this METER is a complex and delicate instrument, its durable structure will allow many years of use if proper operating techniques are developed. Please read the following instructions carefully and always keep this manual within easy reach.



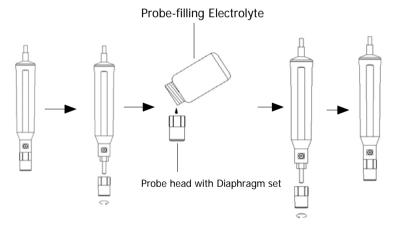
OPERATION MANUAL

ATTENTION:



Fill the Probe's Electrolyte at first.

Intend to keep the DO probe under the best condition, when user receive the DIGITAL OXYGEN METER along the PROBE, it should fill the the Probe's Electrolyte at first.



The procedures that to fill the Probe's Electrolyte, refer the chapter 8 " PROBE MAINTENANCE ", page 11.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

١.	. GENERAL DESCRIPTIONS 1				
	. FEATURES				
	. SPECIFICATIONS2				
١.	FRONT PANEL DESCRIPTION	4			
	4-1 Display	4			
	4-2 Power Off/On button	.4			
	4-3 Data Hold button	4			
	4-4 °C/°F button	4			
	4-5 Memory Record button	.4			
	4-6 Memory Call button	4			
	4-7 Factor Adj. button	.4			
	4-8 Zero button	4			
	4-9 % Salt button	4			
	4-10 DO/O2 Selector	4			
	4-11 O2 Cal. button	4			
	4-12 MT. (Mountain Height) button				
	4-13 Battery Compartment/Cover	4			
	4-14 Probe Input Socket	4			
	4-15 Oxygen Probe handle				
	4-16 Temperature sensor				
	4-17 Probe head with diaphragm set				
	4-18 Protection cover for probe head	4			
	4-19 Oxygen probe plug	.4			
5.	MEASURING PROCEDURE	5			
	5-1 Calibration				
	5-2 Dissolved Oxygen (DO) measurement	6			
	5-3 Oxygen in Air (O2) measurement				
	5-4 Temperature measurement				
	AUTO POWER OFF DISABLE				
7.	PROBE MAINTENANCE	.11			
2	BATTERY REPLACEMENT	14			

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTIONS

This Digital Oxygen Meter is supplied with a polarographic type probe with an incorporated Temp. sensor which serves for precise Dissolved Oxygen (DO) and Temp. measurement.

Applications for Aquarium, Medical research, Agriculture, Fish hatcheries, Laboratory, Water conditioning, Mining industry, Schools & Colleges, Quality control...

2. FEATURES

- * The polarographic type oxygen probe with an incorporated Temp. sensor, high precision measurement for Dissolved Oxygen (DO) and Temp. measurement.
- * Heavy duty dissolved oxygen probe, probe head can connect with BOD bottle
- * Automatic Temp. compensation from 0 to 50 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ for sensor.
- * Build in " % SALT " & " Mountain Height " compensation, adjust the factor by push the button on the front panel.
- * Microprocessor circuit assures high accuracy and provides special functions and features.
- * Super large LCD display with contrast adjustment for best viewing angle.
- * Multi-display, show oxygen & Temp. at the same time.
- * Records Maximum, Minimum and Average readings with recall, data hold.

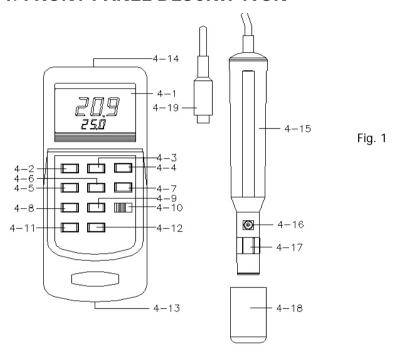
- * Auto power off saves battery life.
- * Powered by 006P DC 9V battery.
- * Build in temperature °C , °F measurement.
- * Use the durable, long-lasting components, including a heavy duty & compact ABS-plastic housing case.

3. SPECIFICATIONS

Circuit	Custom one-chip of microprocessor LSI		
	circuit.		
Display	Dual function meter's display, 13 mm (0.5").		
	Super large LCD display with contrast		
	adjustment for best viewing angle.		
Measurement	Dissolved Oxygen	0 to 20.0 mg/L (liter).	
& Range	Oxygen in Air	0 to 100.0 %.	
	Temperature	0 to 50 ℃.	
	Dissolved Oxygen	0.1 mg/L.	
Resolution	Oxygen in Air	0.1 % O2 .	
	Temperature	0.1 ℃.	
Accuracy	Dissolved Oxygen	± 0.4 mg/L.	
(23± 5 °C)	Oxygen in Air	± 0.7% O2.	
	Temperature	± 0.8 °C/1.5 °F.	
Sensor	The polarographic type oxygen probe with		
Structure	an incorporated temperature sensor.		
Probe	Temperature	0 to 50 ℃,	
Compensation		Automatic	
& Adj.	Salt	0 to 39 % Salt	
	Height (M. T.)	0 to 3900 meter	
Memory	Records Maximum, Minimum and		
Recall	Average readings with recall.		

Power off	Auto power off saves battery life, or manual off		
ower on			
	by push button.		
Over input	Indication of "".		
indication			
Operating	0 °C to 50 °C (32 °F to 122 °F).		
Temperature			
Operating Humidity	Max. 80% RH.		
Sample Time	Approx. 0.4 sec.		
Power Supply	006P DC 9V battery (Heavy duty type).		
Power Current	Approx. DC 6.6 mA.		
Weight	335 g/0.74 LB (batteries & probe included)		
Size	Main instrument:		
	180 x 72 x 32 mm (7.1 x 2.8 x1.3 inch).		
	Oxygen probe :		
	190 mm x 28 mm Dia. (7.5" x 1.1" Dia.)		
Accessories	Oxygen probe(OXPB-11) 1 PC.		
included	Carrying case 1 PC.		
	Operation manual1 PC.		
	Spare Probe head with Diaphragm		
	OXHD-042 PCs.		
	Probe-filling Electrolyte		
	OXEL-031 PC.		
Optional	* Oxygen probeOXPB-11		
Accessories	* Spare Probe head with Diaphragm set		
	* Probe-filling ElectrolyteOXEL-03		
í	i e		

4. FRONT PANEL DESCRIPTION



- 4-1 Display
- 4-2 Power Off/On button
- 4-3 Data Hold button
- 4-4 °C/°F button
- 4-5 Memory record button
- 4-6 Memory call button
- 4-7 Factor Adj. button
- 4-8 Zero button
- 4-9 % Salt button
- 4-10 DO/O2 selector

- 4-11 O2 Cal. button
- 4-12 MT. (Mountain Height) button
- 4-13 Battery compartment/cover
- 4-14 Probe input socket
- 4-15 Oxygen Probe handle
- 4-16 Temperature sensor
- 4-17 Probe head with diaphragm set
- 4-18 Protection cover for probe head
- 4-19 Oxygen probe plug

5 MEASURING PROCEDURE

5-1 Calibration

Before the measurement, the meter should be processed the following calibration procedures:

- 1) Disconnect the "OXYGEN PROBE plug" (4-19, Fig. 1) from the "Probe input socket" (4-14, Fig. 1).
- 2) Power on the instrument by pushing the "Power Off/On button" (4-2, Fig. 1).
- 3) Slide the "O2/DO selector" (4-10, Fig. 1) to the "O2" position.
 - Push the "Zero button" (4-8, Fig. 1) and the display will show zero value.
- 4) Connect the "Oxygen probe plug" (4-19, Fig. 1) with the "Probe input socket" (4-14, Fig. 1). Wait for approx. 5 minutes at least until the display reading values become stable & no fluctuation. Push the "O2 Cal. button" (4-11, Fig. 1) and the display will show the values exactly same as 20.9 or 20.8. (As the oxygen in air is 20.9 % typically, so use the environment air O2 value for quick & precise calibration).

Calibartion Consideration:

Please process calibration procedures under wide and ventilating environment for best effect.

5-2 Dissolved Oxygen (DO) measurement

- 1) After the meter be calibrated (above procedure 5-1), the meter is ready for DO measurement.
- 2) Slide the "O2/DO selector" (4-10, Fig. 1) to the "DO" position.

3) "% Salt" compensation of the probe :

a. Push the " % Salt button " (4-9, Fig. 1) first, and the display will show. :



- b. Push the "Factor Adj. button " (4-7, Fig. 1) once will add "1%" to the original salt % value until the adjusting reading reach the desired salt values. Then push the "% Salt button " (4-9, Fig. 1) again to finish the adjusting procedures. At this moment the new % salt values will be executed.
- c. If the measured liquid is the pure water or the factor of salt % can be neglected, then adjust % salt compensation value to 0%.

4) "Height" compensation of the probe :

Bear in mind that the DO measurement is considered to be taken at sea level. However if the measuring environment is not at sea level (0 meter), then should adjust the "Height " values for the probe compensation when make the DO measurement.

a. Push the "MT (Height) button " (5-12, Fig. 1) first, then the display will show



- b. Push the "Factor Adj. button" (4-7, Fig. 1) once will add "100 meters" to the original height values until the adjusting reading reach the desired height values (meters). Then push the "MT (Height) button" (4-12, Fig. 1) again to finish the adjusting procedures. At this moment the new height values (display unit is the "meters") will be executed.
- 5) a. Immersed the probe to a depth at least 10 cm of the measured liquid in order for the probe to be influenced by the temperature & automatic temperature compensation to take place.
 - b. As for the thermal equilibrium to occur between the probe & the measurement sample must be allowed to pass, which usually amounts to a few minutes if the Temp. difference between the two is only several Celsius degrees.
- 6) a. In order to measure the dissolved oxygen content in any given liquid, it is sufficient to immerse the tip of the probe in the solution, making sure that velocity of the liquid coming into contact with the probe is at least 0.2 - 0.3 m/s or to shake the probe.
 - b. During laboratory measurements, the use of a magnetic agitator to ensure a certain velocity in the fluid is recommended. In this way, errors due to the diffusion of the oxygen present in the air in the solution are reduced to a minimum.

7) Rinsed the probe accurately with normal tap water after each series of measurement.

5-3 Oxygen in Air (02) measurement

- 1) After the meter be calibrated (above procedure 5-1), now the meter is ready for O2 measurement.
- 2) Slide the "O2/DO selector" (4-10, Fig. 1) to the "O2" position.
- 3) The display will show the air oxygen in % values.

5-4 Temperature measurement

During the measurement, the lower LCD Display will show the temperature values of measuring solution.

* Push the " $^{\circ}$ C/ $^{\circ}$ F button " (4-4, Fig. 1) once to select measuring unit in $^{\circ}$ C or $^{\circ}$ F.

5-5 Data Hold

During the measurement, Push the "Data Hold button" (4-3, Fig. 1) will hold the display values & LCD will show the "D.H" marker.

* Push the " Data Hold button " again will exit the data hold function.

5-6 Data Record (Max., Min., Average reading)

* The DATA RECORD function displays the maximum, minimum and average readings. To start the DATA RECORD function, press the "Memory Record button" (4-5, Fig. 1) once. "REC" symbol will appear on the LCD display.

- * With the " REC " symbol on the display :
 - (a) Push the "Memory CALL button" (4-6, Fig. 1) once, the "Max" symbol along with the maximum value will appear on the display.
 - (b) Push the "Memory CALL button "again, the "Min" symbol along with the minimum value will appear on the display.
 - (c) Push the "Memory CALL button " again, the "AVG" symbol along with the average value will appear on the display.
 - (d) To exit the memory record function, push the "RECORD" button once again. The display will revert back to the current reading.

5-7 Quick operation procedures :

Calibration procedures

Power on, slide the "DO/O2 selector " to "O2 " position.

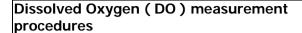
 \forall

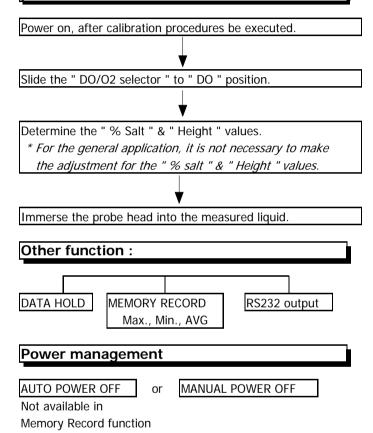
Disconnect the probe from the meter.

Push the " Zero button ", display will show zero.



Connect the probe to the meter. Until the display reading reach the stable values (approx. 5 minutes). Push the "O2 Cal." position, then display will show 20.9.





6. AUTO POWER OFF DISABLE

The instrument has built-in "Auto Power off" in order to prolong battery life. The meter will switch off automatically if none of the buttons are pressed within 10 min.

To de-activate this feature, select the memory record function during measurement by pressing the "RECORD" button (4-5, Fig. 1).

7. PROBE MAINTENANCE

User first time to use the meter :

Intend to let the DO probe keep the best condition. When user receive the DIGITAL OXYGEN METER along the PROBE, it should fill the Probe's Electrolyte at first.

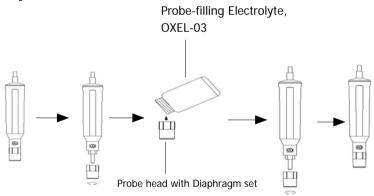
User already use the meter for a certain period :

Whenever user can not calibrate the meter properly or the meter's reading value is not stable, please check the oxygen probe to see if the electrolyte in the probe head container is run out or the diaphragm (probe head with diaphragm set) exist problem (dirty). If yes, please fill the electrolyte or change the " Probe head with diaphragm set " and make the new calibration.

The consideration of Diaphragm (probe head with diaphragm set):

The oxygen probe component is the thin Teflon diaphragm housed in the tip of the probe. The diaphragm is permeable by the oxygen molecules but not by the considerably larger molecules contained in the electrolyte. Due to this characteristic, the oxygen may diffuse throughout the electrolyte solution contained in the probe, and its concentration may be quantified by the measurement circuit.

This sensitive diaphragm is rather delicate & is easily damaged if it comes into contact with solid objects or is subjected to blows. If the diaphragm is damaged or the electrolyte is run out, it must be replaced in the following way:



- 1) Unscrew the " Probe head " (8-3, Fig 2).
- 2) Pour out the old Electrolyte from the container of the "
 Probe head ".
- 3) Fill the new Electrolyte (OXEL-03) into the container of the " Probe head " .
- 4) Screw the " Probe head " (8-3, Fig 2) into the probe body.

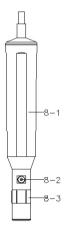


Fig. 2

- 8-1 Probe handle
- 8-2 Temp. sensing metal
- 8-3 Probe head

8. BATTERY REPLACEMENT

- When the left corner of LCD display show "LBT", it is necessary to replace the battery. However, in-spec measurement may still be made for several hours after low battery indicator appears.
- 2) Slide the "Battery Cover" (4-13, Fig. 1) away from the instrument and remove the battery.
- 3) Replace with 9V battery (heavy duty type) and reinstate the cover.
- 4) Make sure the battery cover is secured after changing the battery.